

SEN & RAY CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

To The Members of SHRI JATADHARI RICE MILL PRIVATE LIMITED

Report On the Standalone Financial Statement

Opinion

We have audited the standalone financial statements of SHRI JATADHARI RICE MILL PRIVATE LIMITED ("the Company"), which comprise the Balance Sheet as at 31 March 2021, and the Statement of Profit and Loss (including other comprehensive income), Statement of Changes in Equity and Statement of Cash Flows for the year then ended, and notes to the standalone financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information (hereinafter referred to as "the standalone financial statements"). In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid standalone financial statements give the information required by the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the Company as at 31 March 2021, and profit (including other comprehensive income), changes in equity and its cash flows for the year ended on that date.

Basis for Opinion .

We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing (SAs) specified under Section 143(10) of the Act. Our responsibilities under those SAs are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Standalone Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the standalone financial statements under the provisions of the Act and the Rules thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Emphasis on Matters

The Products of the company was classified as Essential products hence the production was going on during the lockdown period. The Management was able to perform year end physical verification of inventories, March 31, 2021. On account of the COVID-19 related lock-down restrictions, we were not able to physically observe the verification of inventory that was carried out by the Management. Consequently, we have obtained and relied on the signed verification copies received from the Management

Our opinion is not modified in respect of this matter

Key Audit Matters

We have determined that there are no other key audit matters to communicate in our report.

Other Information

The Company's management and Board of Directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Company's annual report, but does not include the standalone financial statements and our auditors' report thereon

Our opinion on the standalone financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

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In connection with our audit of the standalone financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the standalone financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information; we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard

Management's Responsibility for the Standalone Financial Statements

The Company's management and Board of Directors are responsible for the matters stated in Section 134(5) of the Act with respect to the preparation of these standalone financial statements that give a true and fair view of the state of affairs, profit / loss (including other comprehensive income), changes in equity and cash flows of the Company in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) specified under Section 133 of the Act. This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding of the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the standalone financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the standalone financial statements, management and Board of Directors are responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Board of Directors is also responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the standalone financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these standalone financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the standalone financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under section 143(3)(i) of the Act¹⁶, we are also responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the Company has adequate internal financial controls system in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls.

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- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the standalone financial statements, including the
 disclosures, and whether the standalone financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a
 manner that achieves fair presentation

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the standalone financial statements for the financial year ended March 31, 2021 and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

- 1. As required by section 143 (3) of the Act, based on our audit we report that:
 - a. We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit.
 - b. in our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books.
 - c. the Balance Sheet, the Statement of Profit and Loss including Other Comprehensive Income, Statement of Changes in Equity and the Statement of Cash Flow dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the books of account.

d. in our opinion, the aforesaid standalone financial statements comply with the Indian Accounting Standards prescribed under section 133 of the Act.

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- e. on the basis of the written representations received from the directors of the Company as on March 31, 2021 taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors is disqualified as on March 31, 2021 from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164(2) of the Act.
- f. with respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls over financial reporting of the Company and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate Report in "Annexure A". Our report expresses an unmodified opinion on the adequacy and operating effectiveness of the Company's internal financial controls over financial reporting.
- g. with respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, as amended, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:

The Company does not have any pending litigations which would impact its financial position.

- The Company has made provision, as required under the applicable law or accounting standards, for material foreseeable losses, if any, on long-term contracts including derivative contracts.
- There were no amounts which required to be transferred by the Company to the Investor Education and Protection Fund.
- 2. As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2016 ("the Order") issued by the Central Government in terms of Section 143(11) of the Act, we give in "Annexure B" a statement on the matters specified in paragraphs 3 and 4 of the Order

For SEN & RAY

Chartered Accountants

(Firm's Registration No.303047E)

S.K.DASGUPTA

(Partner)

Membership No.005103

Date : June 25, 2021

Place: Kolkata UDIN-21005103 AAAABJ 5931

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ANNEXURE-A

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CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

Report on the Internal Financial Controls under Clause (i) of Sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Companies' Act, 2013 ("the Act")

We have audited the internal financial controls over financial reporting of SHRI JATADHARI RICE MILL PRIVATE LIMITED ("the Company") as of March 31, 2021 in conjunction with our audit of the standalone financial statements of the Company for the year ended on that date.

Management's Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

The Company's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India". These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Companies Act, 2013.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal financial controls over financial reporting based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting (the "Guidance Note") and the Standards on Auditing, issued by ICAI and deemed to be prescribed under section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls, both applicable to an audit of Internal Financial Controls and, both issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls over financial reporting was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls system over financial reporting and their operating effectiveness.

Our audit of internal financial controls over financial reporting included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgments, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence I/we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my /our audit opinion on the Company's internal financial controls system over financial reporting.

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Meaning of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting

A company's internal financial control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal financial control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorizations of management and directors of the company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls over financial reporting, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls over financial reporting to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control over financial reporting may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

Opinion

In our opinion, to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the Company has, in all materialrespects, an adequate internal financial controls system over financial reporting and such internal financial controls overfinancial reporting were operating effectively as at March 31, 2021, based on the internal financial control over financialreporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the GuidanceNote on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the ICAI.

For SEN & RAY

Chartered Accountants

(Firm's Registration No.303047E)

S.K.DASGUPTA

(Partner)

Membership No.005103

Date: June 25, 2021

Place: Kolkata UDIN- 21005103AAAABJ 5931

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ANNEXURE B - REPORT UNDER THE COMPANIES (AUDITORS' REPORT) ORDER, 2016.

Referred to in of our report of even date.

In terms of the information and explanations sought by us and given by the company and the books and records examined by us in the normal course of audit and to the best of our knowledge and belief, we state that: -

- i. In respect of its Fixed Assets,
 - a. The Company has maintained proper records showing full particulars including quantitative details and situation of fixed assets.
 - b. The Fixed Assets have been physically verified by the management on the last date of the financial year. Based on the Fixed Asset verification documents received from the entity, no material discrepancies
 - c. The title deeds of immoveable properties are held in the name of the company.
- ii. In respect of the Inventories,
 - The management has conducted physical verification of inventory as on the last date of the financial year.
 - b. The discrepancies noticed on physical verification of the inventory as compared to books records which has been properly dealt with in the books of account were not material
- iii. The Company has not granted any loans, secured or unsecured to companies, firms, Limited Liability partnerships or other parties covered in the Register maintained under section 189 of the Act. Accordingly, the provisions of clause 3 (iii) (a) to (c) of the Order are not applicable to the Company and hence not commented upon.
- iv. The company has not given any loans, investments guarantees, and security. Accordingly, the provisions of clause 3 (iv) of the Order are not applicable to the Company and hence not commented upon.
- v. The Company has not accepted any deposits from the public and hence the directives issued by the Reserve Bank of India and the provisions of Sections 73 to 76 or any other relevant provisions of the Act and the Companies (Acceptance of Deposit) Rules, 2015 with regard to the deposits accepted from the public are not applicable.
- vi. We have broadly reviewed the cost records maintained by the Company pursuant to the the Rules made by the Central Government under Section 148(1) of the Companies Act, 2013 and are of the opinion that prima facie the prescribed cost records have been made and maintained. We have, however, not made a detailed examination of these records with a view to determining whether they are accurate or complete.
- vii. a.) According to information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the books of account, and records, the Company has been generally regular in depositing undisputed statutory dues including Provident Fund, Employees State Insurance, Income-Tax, Sales tax, Service Tax, Duty of Customs, Duty of Excise, Value added Tax, Cess and any other statutory dues with the appropriate authorities. According to the information and explanations given to us, no undisputed amounts payable in respect of the above were in arrears as at March 31, 2021 for a period of more than 6 months from the date on when they become payable.
 - (b) According to the information and explanations given to us, there are no dues of , custom duty, wealth tax, excise duty and Cess which have not been deposited on account of any dispute except demand of Income Tax not deposited due to pending appeal filed before <u>Commissioner (appeal)</u>.

Name of the Statute	Nature of the dues	Amount (Rs.)	Period to which amount relates	Forum SEN & Ray
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Vallenta	Parkampara (W/P)	Now Dalls	Mumbai	Brahmanur (Odisha Acco

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Income Tax Act, Income Tax 1,46,13,603 A.Y 2016-17 CIT(A), KOLKATA 1961 A.Y.2010-11

- In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not defaulted viii. in the repayment of dues to banks.
- Based upon the audit procedures performed and the information and explanations given by the management, ix. the company has not raised money by way of initial public offer or further public offer including debt instruments and term Loans. Accordingly, the provisions of clause 3 (ix) of the Order are not applicable to the Company and hence not commented upon.
- Based upon the representation letter received and explanations given by the management, we report that no fraud by the Company or on the company by its officers or employees has been noticed or reported during the year.
- According to the information and explanations given to us an based on our examination of the records of the xi. Company, the Company has paid/provided for managerial remuneration in accordance with the requisite approvals mandated by the provisions of section 197 read with Schedule V to the Companies Act.
- xii. In our opinion, the Company is not a Nidhi Company. Therefore, the provisions of clause 3 (xii) of the Order are not applicable to the Company.
- Based upon the audit procedures performed and according to the information and explanations given to us, All xiii. transactions with related parties are in compliance with sections 177 and 188 of Companies Act, 2013 where applicable and the details have been disclosed in the Financial statements etc. as required by the applicable accounting standards.
- xiv. Based upon the audit procedures performed and the information and explanations given by the management, the company has not made any preferential allotment or private placement of shares or fully or partly convertible debentures during the year under review. Accordingly, the provisions of clause 3 (xiv) of the Order are not applicable to the Company and hence not commented upon.
- Based upon the audit procedures performed and the information and explanations given by the management, XV. the company has not entered into any non-cash transactions with directors or persons connected with him. Accordingly, the provisions of clause 3 (xv) of the Order are not applicable to the Company and hence not commented upon.
- xvi. In our opinion, the company is not required to be registered under section 45 IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934 and accordingly, the provisions of clause 3 (xvi) of the Order are not applicable to the Company and hence not commented upon.

For SEN & RAY

Chartered Accountants

(Firm's Registration No.303047E)

S.K.DASGUPTA

(Partner)

Membership No.005103

Date: June 25, 2021

Place: Kolkata

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SHRI JATADHARI RICE MILL PRIVATE LIMITED

Balance Sheet as at 31st March, 2021

	I Note		(Amount in Indian Rupes
Particulars LASSET	No	Figures as at 31.03.2021	Figures os at 31,03.20
LASSET			
(1) Non-Current Assets			
(a) Property, Plant and Equipment	2	21 700 004	24.244.00
(b) Capital work-in-progress	1	21,789,894	26,966,8
(c) Other Intangible assets	3	3,579,800	
(d) Financial Assets			
(i) Investments	3	2,655,000	2 (55 0)
(ii) Trade receivables	4	2,033,000	2,655,0
(iii) Loans			
(iv) Others Financial Assets	5	1,855,700	1,347.49
(e) Deferred tax assets (net)	6	734,510	1,547,4
(f) Other non-current assets	7	2,102,643	
(2) Current Assets			
(a) Inventories	8	90 755 574	*** ***
(b) Financial Assets	l °	80,755,574	130,812,86
(i) Investments	3		
(ii) Trade receivables	4	393,994,640	100 420 24
(iii) Cash and cash equivalents	9	413,554	189,430,26
(iv) Loans		415,554	2,260,35
(v) Others Financial Assets	5		4,885,60
(c) Current Tax Assets (Net)			4,005,00
(d) Other current assets	10	13,744,512	7,987.49
1	otal	521,625,827	266 246 80
LEQUITY AND LIABILITIES		321,023,027	366,345,89
1) Equity			
(a) Equity Share capital			
(b) Other Equity	11	25,939,570	25,939,57
(b) Onler Equity	12	147,727,620	97,398,64
2) Non-Current Liabilities			
(a) Financial Liabilities			
(i) Borrowings	13	36,244,657	
(ii) Trade payables		50,211,007	
(iii) Other financial liabilities			
(b) Provisions			
(c) Employees Benefit Obligations	14	1,709,839	1,458,32
(c) Deferred tax liabilities (Net)			,,,,,,,
(d) Other non-current liabilities			
Current Liabilities			
(a) Financial Liabilities			
(i) Borrowings	13	302,500,829	205,619,402
(ii) Trade payables			
Total outstanding dues of Micro enterprise and Small enterprises			
Total outstanding dues of creditors other than Micro			
enterprises and Small enterprises			
(iii) Other financial liabilities	15	225 221	272 127
(b) Other current liabilities	16	325,221	262,425
(c) Employees Benefit Obligations	14	731,630	34,222,591
(d) Provisions	17	189,288	195,135
NY CONTROL OF CONTROL	1"	6,257,173	1,249,800
Tot	al	521,625,827	366,345,891

Significant Accounting Polices and Notes to Accounts

This is the Balance Sheet referred to in our report of even date.

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The notes are an integral part of the financial

For M/s SEN & RAY

CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

Firm Registration No. 303047E

S.K.DAS GUPTA

Membership No. 005103 Partner

Place: Kolkata Dated : 25th June 2021

UDIN-21005103 AAA A BJ 5931

On behalf of Shri Jatadhari Rice Mill Private Limited

KOOLS U HARTZ

Keshab Kumar Halder Director DIN-00574080 Poul ani Halder Director DIN-02224305 Halder

SHRI JATADHARI RICE MILL PRIVATE LIMITED

Statement of Profit and Loss for the year ended 31st March, 2021

(Amount in Indian Rupees)

	Particular de la company de la	The second secon	nount in Indian Rupees)
Particulars	Note No	For the Year ended 31.03.2021	For the Year ended 31.03.2020
INCOME			CKIKISI M. CA
I. Revenue from Operations	18	1,825,099,862	720 764 924
II. Other Income	19	5,144,062	739,764,838
III. Total Income (I +II)	6.0		12,724,681
IV. EXPENSES:		1,830,243,924	752,489,519
Cost of Material Consumed	20	214 020 210	
Purchases of Stock-in-Trade	20	746,932,318	530,328,567
		884,760,985	60,720,293
Changes in inventories of finished goods, Stock-in -Trade and work-in- progress	21	(28,083,820)	10,562,313
Employee benefits expense	22	10.077.210	
Other Manufacturing Expenses	23	10,977,219	10,413,111
Selling, Adminstration & other expenses	24	41,025,820	32,281,407
Finance costs	the state of the s	85,298,022	72,281,772
	25	14,872,560	17,652,623
Depreciation and amortization expense	2	2,237,557	2,591,549
Total Expenses		1,758,020,660	736,831,635
V. Profit before exceptional and extraordinary items and tax	(III - IV)	72,223,264	15,657,883
VI. Exceptional Items .	,,	*	-
VII. Profit before tax	(V - VI)	72,223,264	15,657,883
VIII. Tax expense:		i i i	
(1) Current Tax	26	18,381,551	4,052,054
(2) Deffered Tax	26	(734,510)	1,002,001
(3) Mat Credit Entitlement		(,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	
X. Profit / (Loss) for the period from Continuing Operations	(VII-VIII)	54,576,222	11,605,830
X. Profit/(loss) from Discontinued Operations			
XI. Tax expense of Discontinued Operations			
Al. Tax expense of Discontinued Operations			
XII. Profit/(loss) from Discontinued Operations (after tax)	(X-XI)		
XIII. Profit/(loss) for the Period	(IX+XII)	54,576,222	11,605,830
XIV. Other Comprehensive Income			
A. (i) Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss	TEST N		
a. Re-measurment gain/ (Loss) on defined benefit plan		63,824	(71,392
b. Income tax on items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss		(16,063)	(/1,5/2
B. (i) Items that will be reclassified to profit or loss		(10,003)	
(ii) Income tax on items that will be reclassified to profit or loss			
Total other comprehensive income		47,761	(71,392
Total other comprehensive income		47,701	(71,552
XV. Total Comprehensive Income for the period	(XIII+XIV)	54,623,983	11,534,438
XVI. Earning per equity share:			
(1) Basic		21.06	4.45
(2) Diluted		21.06	4.45

Significant Accounting Polices and Notes to Accounts

This is the Statement of Profit and Loss referred to in our report of even date.

The notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

On behalf of Shri Jatadhari Rice Mill Private Limited

For M/s SEN & RAY

CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

Firm Registration No. 303047E

S.K.DASGUPTA

Membership No. 005103

Partner Place: Kolkata

Dated: 25th June 2021 UDAN - 2100 5 103 ARAABJ 593 1

Keshab Kumar Halder

Director DIN-00574080 Poulomi Halder

Poulomi Halder Director DIN-02224305

SHRI JATADHARI RICE MILL PRIVATE LIMITED Cash Flow Statement for the year 2020-21

Particulars	2020-	21	2019-2	in Indian Rupees
A CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	2020-	-	2019-2	20
Profit for the period Adjustments for: Depreciation		54,623,983		11,534,438
Provision for Gratuity Provision for income tax Other Comprehensive Income	2,237,557 245,665 17,647,042 47,761		2,591,549 362,766 4,052,054	
Interest & Finance Charges - Reserve & Surplus Adjustment	14,872,560	35,050,585	17,652,623	
Operating Profit before Working Capital Changes Adjustments for: Decrease/(Increase) in Non Current Financial Assets		89,674,567		24,658,991 36,193,429
Decrease/(Increase) in Non Current Assets Decrease/(Increase) in Current Financial Assets	(508,207) (2,102,643) 4,885,605		(189,047) (744,599) 1,728,104	
Decrease/(Increase) in Receivables Decrease/(Increase) in Inventories Decrease/(Increase) in Other Current Assets	(204,564,377) 50,057,288 (5,757,021)		(8,908,541) (69,797,638) (3,214,783)	
Increase/(Decrease) in Payables	(33,428,164)	(191,417,519)	33,846,936	(47,279,568
Cash generated from operations Income Tax Paid and Adjusted Net Cash flow from Operating activities		(101,742,952) (13,421,941) (115,164,893)		(11,086,139)
CASH FLOW FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Purchase of Fixed Assets	(1,554,394)		(433 730)	
Decrease / (Increase) in W.I.P Sale of Fixed assets Assets transfer demerged unit	(3,579,800) 223,466		(433,729)	
Dividend Income	(24,707)			
Net Cash used in Investing activities		(4,935,435)		(433,729)
CASH FLOW FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES Proceeds from Share Issue Increase /(Repayment) of Borrowings Interest financial charges Paid	133,126,084 (14,872,560)		10,001,800 9,271,856 (17,652,623)	
Net Cash used in financing activities		118,253,524	(,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	1,621,033
Net increase in cash & Cash Equivalents Cash and Cash equivalents as at the beginning of the year Cash and Cash equivalents as at the and of the		(1,846,803) 2,260,357		(9,898,834) 12,159,191
Cash and Cash equivalents as at the end of the year		413,554		2,260,357

This is the Cash Flow Statement referred to in our report of even date.

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The notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

For M/s SEN & RAY

CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

Firm Registration No. 303047E

S.K.DASCUPTA Membership No. 005103

Partner Place: Kolkata

Dated: 25th June 2021 UDIN- 21005103AAAABJ 5931 On behalf of Shri Jatadhari Rice Mill Private Limited

Keshab Kumar Halder

Director DIN-00574080 Poulomi Halder

Director DIN-02224305

A. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Corporate Information: Shri Jatadhari Rice Mill Private Limited (the 'Company') is a Private limited company domiciled in India, incorporated under the provisions of the Companies Act, 1956. The Company is engaged in the processing of rice. The registered office of the company is located at Vill: Ishwarpur P.O-Ahmadpur Birbhum West Bengal- 731201. The Standalone Financial Statements were approved and authorized for issue in accordance with the resolution of the board of directors held on 25th June,2021.

- Statement of Compliance: The financial statements of the Company have been prepared in accordance with and in compliance, in all material aspects with Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) notified under the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 and relevant amendment rules issued there under. These financial statements for the year ended 31st March, 2021 are the Ind AS compliant financial of the Company.
- II. Basis of Preparation and Presentation: The financial statements of the Company have been prepared in accordance with Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) and relevant amendment rules issued there under. The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the accounting policies, set out below and were consistently applied to all years presented unless otherwise stated.
- III. Basis of Measurement: These financial statements have been prepared on a historical cost basis, The standalone financial statements are presented in Indian Rupees (₹), which is the Company's functional and presentation currency.
- IV. Use of Estimates and Judgment: The preparation of financial statements in conformity with Ind AS requires Management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions, that affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income, expenses and disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of these financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses for the years presented. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Future and actual results could differ due to changes in these estimates. Appropriate revision is made in these estimates considering the change in the surrounding circumstances known to management. Any revision to accounting estimates is recognized in the period in which revision takes places.

V. Employee Benefits (Estimation of defined benefit obligation where applicable)

Post-employment benefits represent obligation that will be settled in future and require assumptions to project benefit obligations. Post-employment benefits accounting is intended to reflect the recognition of future benefits cost over the employee's approximate service period, based on the terms of plans and the investment and funding decisions made. The accounting requires the company to make assumptions regarding variables such as discount rate, rate of compensation increase and future mortality rates. Changes in these key assumptions can have a significant impact on the defined benefit obligations, funding requirements and benefit costs incurred.

VI. Provision for Contingencies:

For Shri Jatadhari Rice Mill Pvt. Ltd.

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Director

For Shri Jatadhari Rice Mill Pvt. Ltd.

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Halder

Legal proceedings covering a range of matters are pending against the company, due to the uncertainty inherent in such matters, it is often difficult to predict the final outcomes, the cases and claims against the company often raise difficult and complex factual and legal issues that are subject to many uncertainties and complexities, including but not limited to the facts and circumstances of each particular case and claim, the jurisdiction and the differences in applicable law, in the normal course of business, the company consults with legal counsel and certain other experts on matters related to litigations, the company accrues a liability when it is determined that an adverse outcome is probable and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated, in the event an adverse outcome is possible or an estimate is not determinable, the matter is disclosed.

VII. Estimation of expected useful lives and residual values of property, plants and equipment

Property, plant and equipment are depreciated at historical cost using straight-line method based on the estimated useful life, taking into account any residual value. The asset's residual value and useful life are based on the Company's best estimates and reviewed, and adjusted if required, at each Balance Sheet date.

VIII. Fair Value Measurements where applicable

When the fair values of financial assets and financial liabilities recorded in the Balance Sheet cannot be measured based on quoted prices in active markets, their fair values are measured using valuation techniques which involve various judgements and assumptions. Judgements include consideration of inputs such as liquidity risk, credit risk and volatility. Changes in the assumption about these factors could affect the reported fair value of financial instruments. Refer Note 30 for further disclosures.

(. Current versus Non-current Classification

The company presents assets and liabilities in the balance sheet based on current/ non-current Classification. An asset is classified as current when it is:

- expected to be realised or intended to be sold or consumed in normal operating cycle;
- held primarily for the purpose of trading;
- expected to be realised within twelve months after the reporting period; or
- cash or a cash equivalent unless restricted from being exchanged or used to settle a liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period, terms of a liability that could, at the option of the counterparty, result in its settlement by the issue of equity instruments do not affect its classification.

all other assets are classified as non-current.

a liability is current when it is:

- expected to be settled in normal operating cycle;
- held primarily for the purpose of trading;
- due to be settled within twelve months after the reporting period; or
- there is no unconditional right to defer the settlement of the liability for at least

For Shri Jatadhari Rice Mill Pvt. Ltd.

Director

For Shri Jatadhari Rice Mill Pvt. Ltd.

PH Poulomi Halder

Twelve months after the reporting period.

all other liabilities are classified as non-current.

deferred tax assets and liabilities are classified as non-current assets and liabilities.

The operating cycle is the time between the acquisition of assets for processing and their realization in cash or cash equivalents, the company has identified twelve months as its operating cycle.

X. Revenue Recognisation: Revenue is measured based on the considerations specified in a contract with a customer and excludes amounts collected on behalf of third parties. The revenue from sales is recognised when control over a product or service has been transferred and /or products/services are delivered/provided to the customers. The delivery occurs when the product has been shipped or delivered to the specific location as the case may be and the customer has either accepted the products in accordance with contract or the company has sufficient evidence that all the criteria for acceptance has been satisfied. Returns, discounts and rebates collected, if any, are deducted there from sales.

Interest income:

Interest income from debt instruments is recognized using the effective interest rate method, the effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash receipts through the expected life of the financial asset to the gross carrying amount of a financial asset, when calculating the effective interest rate, the company estimates the expected cash flows by considering all the contractual terms of the financial instrument but does not consider the expected credit losses, interest income is included in finance income in the statement of profit and loss.

Dividend income is recognized in profit or loss on the date on which the group's right to receive payment is established.

XI. Plant Property and Equipment: Property, plant and equipment are stated at historical cost less depreciation and impairment losses, if any. Freehold land is not depreciated.

Historical Cost includes the acquisition cost or the cost of construction, including duties and taxes (other than those refundable), expenses directly related to the acquisition of assets and making them operational for their intended use.

An item of property, plant and equipment is derecognized upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected from its use or disposal, any gain or loss arising on de recognition of the asset (calculated as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset) is included in the statement of profit and loss when the asset is derecognized.

For Shri Jatadhari Rice Mill Pvt. Ltd.

Director

For Shri Jatadhari Rice Mill Pvt. Ltd.

PH Poulomi Halder

Depreciation is provided prorate basis on written down value method at the rates determined based on estimated useful lives of tangible assets where applicable, specified in Schedule II to the Act. Intangible Assets are depreciated over the useful life of the asset without any residual value

Name Of Asset	Use full life
Building & Factory Shed	60 years
Plant & Machinery	25 years
Electrical Installation	10 Years
Lab Equipment	5 Years
Furniture & Fixture	5 Years
Vehicle	10 Years
Computer	5 Years

Note-1 Estimated useful life of Weigh Bridge is (Grouped under Plant and Machinery) is considered 30 years.

XII. Intangible Asset: Intangible assets purchased are measured at cost as of the date of acquisition less accumulated amortization and accumulated impairment, if any Amortization is recognized on a straight-line basis over their estimated useful lives, which in case of computer software is 5 years. The estimated useful life and amortization method are reviewed at the end of each reporting period, with the effect of any changes in estimate being accounted for on a prospective basis.

XIII. Foreign Currency Transactions and Translations:

Transactions and translations: Foreign-Currency-denominated monetary assets and liabilities are translated into relevant functional currency at exchange rates in effect at the Balance Sheet Date. The gains or losses resulting from such translations are included in net profit in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

Transaction gains or losses realized upon settlement of foreign currency transaction are included in determining net profit for the period in which the transaction is settled. Revenue, expenses and cash-flow statement items denominated in foreign currency are translated into the relevant functional currencies using the exchange are in effect on the date of the transaction.

XIV. Inventories: Inventories are valued at cost or net realizable value, whichever is lower, cost being worked out on weighted average basis. Cost includes all charges for bringing the goods to their present location and condition, including octroi and other levies, transit insurance and receiving charges. Net realizable value represents the estimated selling price for inventories less all estimated costs of completion and costs necessary to make the sale.

For Shri Jatadhari Rice Mill Pvt. Ltd.

Director

For Shri Jatadhari Rice Mill Pvt. Ltd.

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Note-1: SCHEDULES &NOTES TO ACCOUNTS OF SHRI JATADHARI RICE MILL PRIVATE LIMITED

XV. Taxes on Income:

Current Income Tax: Current Income tax is measured at the amount expected to be paid to the tax authorities in accordance with Income Tax Act, 1961.

Deferred Tax: Deferred Tax is provided using the Balance Sheet approach on temporary differences between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts for financial reporting purposes at the reporting date. Deferred tax assets are recognized to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which the deductible temporary differences, and the carry forward of unused tax credits and unused tax losses can be utilized. The tax rates and tax laws used to compute the tax are those that are enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date. Current income tax/deferred tax relating to items recognized directly in equity is recognized in equity and not in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

XVI. **Employee Benefit Expenses:**

Short Term Employee Benefits:

The undiscounted amount of short-term employee benefits expected to be paid in exchange for the services rendered by employees are recognized as an expense during the period when the employees render the services.

XVII. **Borrowing Costs:**

Borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of an asset that necessarily takes a substantial period of time to get ready for its intended use or sale are capitalized as part of the cost of the asset, all other borrowing costs are expensed in the period in which they occur, borrowing costs consist of interest and other costs that the company incurs in connection with the borrowing of funds. borrowing cost also includes exchange differences to the extent regarded as an adjustment to the borrowing costs.

XVIII. Provision and Contingencies:

Provision: Provisions are recognized when there is a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of past event, where it is probable that there will be outflow of resources to settle the obligation and when a reliable estimate of the amount of the obligation can be made.

Contingencies: Contingent liabilities exist when there is a possible obligation arising from past events, the existence of which will be confirmed only by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain

For Shri Jatadhari Rice Mill Pvt. Ltd. EXT KOOS LE HESE

For Shri Jatadhari Rice Mill Pvt. Ltd.

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Note-1: SCHEDULES &NOTES TO ACCOUNTS OF SHRI JATADHARI RICE MILL PRIVATE LIMITED

 the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

On initial recognition of an equity investment that is not held for trading, the Company may irrevocably elect to present subsequent changes in the investment's fair value in OCI (designated as FVOCI – equity investment). This election is made on an investment-by-investment basis.

XX. Financial assets: Subsequent measurement and gains and losses:

Financial assets at FVTPL: these assets are subsequently measured at fair value. Net gains and losses, including any interest or dividend income, are recognized in profit or loss.

Financial assets at amortized cost: these assets are subsequently measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method. The amortized cost is reduced by impairment losses. Interest income, foreign exchange gains and losses and impairment are recognized in profit or loss. Any gain or loss on derecognition is recognized in profit or loss.

Equity investments at FVOCI: These assets are subsequently measured at fair value. Dividends are recognized as income in profit or loss unless the dividend clearly represents a recovery of part of the cost of the investment. Other net gains and losses are recognized in OCI and are not reclassified to profit or loss.

Financial liabilities: Classification, subsequent measurement and gains and losses

Financial liabilities are classified as measured at amortized cost or FVTPL. A financial liability is classified as at FVTPL if it is classified as held- for- trading, or it is a derivative or it is designated as such on initial recognition. Financial liabilities at FVTPL are measured at fair value and net gains and Losses, including any interest expense, are recognised in profit or loss. Other financial liabilities are subsequently measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method. Interest expense and foreign exchange gains and losses are recognised in profit or loss. Any gain or loss on derecognition is also recognized in profit or loss.

Derecognition:

Financial assets:

The Company derecognizes a financial asset when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the financial asset expire, or it transfers the rights to receive the contractual cash flows in a transaction in which substantially all of the risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset are transferred or in which the Company neither transfers nor retains substantially all of the risks and rewards of ownership and does not retain control of the financial asset.

If the Company enters into transactions whereby it transfers assets recognised on its balance sheet, but retains either all or substantially all of the risks and rewards of the transferred assets, the transferred assets are not derecognised.

For Shri Jatadhari Rice Mill Pvt. Ltd.

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For Shri Jatadhari Rice Mill Pvt. Ltd.

PH Poulomi Halder

Note-1: SCHEDULES &NOTES TO ACCOUNTS OF SHRI JATADHARI RICE MILL PRIVATE LIMITED

Financial liabilities:

The Company derecognizes a financial liability when its contractual obligations are discharged or cancelled, or expire. The Company also derecognizes a financial liability when its terms are modified and the cash flows under the modified terms are substantially different. In this case, a new financial liability based on the modified terms is recognized at fair value. The difference between the carrying amount of the financial liability extinguished and the new

financial liability with modified terms is recognized in profit or loss.

Offsetting

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount presented in the balance sheet when, and only when, the Company currently has a legally enforceable right to set off the amounts and it intends either to settle them on a net basis or to realize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

Impairment of financial instruments:

The Company recognizes loss allowances using the expected credit loss (ECL) model for the financial assets measured at amortized cost. Loss allowance for trade receivables with no significant financing component is measured at an amount equal to lifetime ECL. For all other financial assets, expected credit losses are measured at an amount equal to the 12-month ECL, unless there has been a significant increase in credit risk from initial recognition in which case those are measured at lifetime ECL. The amount of expected credit losses (or reversal) that is required to adjust the loss allowance at the reporting date to the amount that is required to be recognised is recognized as an impairment

gain or loss in profit or loss.

XXI. Impairment:

> Non-financial assets: Property, plant and equipment and intangible assets Property, plant and equipment and intangible assets with finite life are evaluated for recoverability whenever there is any indication that their carrying amounts may not be recoverable. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount (i.e. higher of the fair value less cost to sell and the value-in-use) is determined on an individual asset basis unless the asset does not generate cash flows that are largely independent of those from other assets. In such cases, the recoverable amount is determined for the cash generating unit (CGU) to which the asset belongs. If the recoverable amount of an asset (or CGU) is estimated to be less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount of the asset (or CGU) is reduced to its recoverable amount. An impairment loss is recognized in the Statement of Profit and Loss

B. NOTES TO ACCOUNT

The COVID-19 outbreak has developed rapidly in India and across the globe. Measures taken by the Government to contain the virus, like lock-downs, travel bans and other measures, have

For Shri Jatadhari Rice Mill Rvt. Ltd. VKH KESS U. GREBZ

affected economic activity and caused disruption to regular business operations. The Company's products have been classified as essential goods and, the production was going on during the lockdown period at the factories. Based on the review and current indicators of economic conditions, there is no significant impact on financials of this year. The company will continue to closely monitor any material changes arising of future economic conditions and impact on its business.

- Previous year figures have been regrouped / rearranged where ever necessary
- The liability recognized in the balance sheet in respect of gratuity plan is the present value of defined benefit obligations at the end of the reporting period. The gratuity benefit obligation is calculated annually by actuaries through actuarial valuation.
- iv. Earning and Expenditure in foreign currency

Total Earning in Foreign Currency-'USD 45,99,954/-Total expenditure in foreign Currency-' USD

V. Due to small scale industrial undertaking

There are -no Micro, Small and Medium Enterprise, to whom the company owes dues, which are outstanding for more than 45 days on the Balance Sheet Date, computed on Unit wise basis. The above information regarding Micro, Small and Medium Enterprise has been determined to the extent such parties have been identified on the basis of information available with the Company.

The details of Amount outstanding to Micro, Small and Medium Enterprise Development Act, 2006 (MSMED), based on the information with the company is as under: Note-1

Particular	As on 31.03.2021	As on 31.03.2020
The principal amount and interest due thereon remaining unpaid to any supplier registered under MSMED Act as at the end of the year	-	-
The amount of interest paid by the buyer in terms of Section 16 to the MSMED Act along with the amounts of the payment made to the supplier beyond the appointed day during the year.		
The amount of interest due and payable for the period of delay in making payment (which have been paid but beyond the appointed day during the year) but without adding the interest specified under the MSMED Act		

Note-1- The above particulars, as applicable, have been given in respect of MSMEs to the extent they could be identified on the basis of information available with the Company.

vi. Physical verification of cash was done by Management.

For Shri Jatadhari Rice MilLPvt. Ltd. KKH KESS W. HOD

Note-1: SCHEDULES &NOTES TO ACCOUNTS OF SHRI JATADHARI RICE MILL PRIVATE LIMITED

vii. The Balance of Sundry Creditors, Sundry Debtors, Advances and lenders are subject to Confirmation/ reconciliation and adjustment if any

vili. Contingent Liabilities & Commitments (To the extent not Provided for)
Contingent Liabilities

a. Claims against the Company not acknowledged as debt

Nil

b. Guarantee

70,00,000

c. Other Money for which the company is contingently liable 1,32,15,679/-

Commitments

Estimated amount of contracts remaining to be executed on
 Capital account and not provided for

Nil

 Uncalled liability on shares & Other investments which are Partly paid

Nil

c. Other Commitments

Nil

ix. Related Party Transaction As per Ind AS-24

Name of the Related Party	Nature of Relation	Amount Involved
P.K.Agrilink Private Limited	Sale of Rice Bran	112,12,63,394
Poulomi Halder	Director Remuneration	36,00,000

For Shri Jatadhari Rice Mill Pvt. Ltd.

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For Shri Jatadhari Rice Mill Pvt. Ltd.

PH Poulomi Halder



x. Computation of Earnings/(Loss) per Equity Share

Particular	Year Ended		
以及 高级的 经现代 医甲基甲基氏 医二甲基酚甲基酚甲基酚甲基酚甲基酚	31-Mar-21	31-Mar-20	
(I) Basic			
(i) Number of Equity Shares at the beginning of the year	25,93,957	23,61,357	
(ii) Number of Equity Shares issued during the year		2,32,600	
(ii) Number of Equity Shares at the end of the year	25,93,957	25,93,957	
(iii) Weighted average number of Equity Shares outstanding during the year			
(iv) Face Value of each Equity Share Re.	10	10	
Profit /(Loss) after tax attributable to Equity Shareholders			
Profit /(Loss) for the period	5,46,23,983	1,15,34,438	
Basic Earnings/(Loss) per Share - Rs.	21.06	4.45	
(II) Diluted			
Dilutive Potential Equity Shares			
Diluted Earnings /(Loss) per Share [same as I (c) above]	21.06	4.45	

For SEN & RAY

Chartered Accountants

S.K. DASGUPTA

(Partner)

M. No.-005103

Firm Regn. No.-303047E

PAN - AAMFS4186P

Date: 25th June, 2021.

UDIN-21005103AAAABJ 5931

For Shri Jatadhari Rice Mill Pvt. Ltd.

KKH KOBS K HOLD

Director

For Shri Jatadhari Rice Mill Pvt. Ltd.

Provlome Halder

(i) Post employment obligations

(A) Gratuity

The Company provides for gratuity, a defined benefit retirement plan covering eligible employees. As per the Scheme, the Company makes payment to vested employees at retirement, death/disability of an amount based on the respective employee's eligible salary for specified number of days depending upon the tenure of service. Vesting Scheme is unfunded.

The following table sets forth the particulars in respect of the defined benefit plans of the Company for the year ended 31st March, 2021 and corresponding figures for the previous year.

_	Gratuity (Un Funded)	Present Value of Obligation	Fair value of plan assets	Net Amount
(a)	01 April 2019			
	Current Service Cost	1,290,696.00		1,290,696.00
	Interest expense/(Income)	193,281.00		193,281.00
		98,093.00		98,093,00
	Total Amount recognised in profit or loss	291,374.00		291,374.00
	Remeasurements (gains)/losses (Gain)/loss from change in demographic assumptions (Gain)/loss from change in financial assumptions	(957.00) 149.010.00		(957.00 149.010.00
-	Experience (gains)/ losses	(76,661,00)		(76,661,00
-	Total amount recognised in other comprehensive income	71,392.00		71,392.00
	Employer's contributions Benefit payments			* 1,002.00
	31-03-20	1,653,462.00		
(b)	01 April 2020	1,653,462.00		1,653,462.00
	Current Service Cost	220 021 02		
-	Interest expense/(Income)	230,061.00		230,061.00
	Total amount recognised in profit or loss	109,128,00 339,189,00	*	109,128.00
		339,189.00		339,189.00
	Remeasurement (gains)/losses Return on plan assets, excluding amounts included in interest expense/(income) (Gain)/loss from change in demographic assumptions (Gain)/loss from change in financial assumptions			
	Experience (gains)/ losses	(54,016.00)	*	(54,018.00)
	Total amount recognised in other comprehensive income	(9,808.00)		(9,808.00)
	and a street description at the following	(63,824.00)	•	(63,824.00)
	Employer's contributions Benefit payments	(29,700.00)	29,700.00 (29,700.00)	(29,700.00)
	31 March 2021	1,899,127.00	125,100.00)	1,899,127,00

Notes to Financial Statements

The expenses for the above mentioned benefits have been included and disclosed under the following line items:-Gratuity: - under 'Employee Benefit Expense' in Note 20.

(d) The net liability disclosed above relates to funded plans as follows:

		Particulars	31.03.2021	As at
	Present value of funded obligations		1,899,127,00	31.03.2020 1.653.462.00
	Fair value of plan assets		1,000,121.00	1,000,402.00
	Deficit of funded plan			
	Demote of Torrobo pilati		1,899,127.00	1,653,462.00
			1,899,127.00	1,653,462.00
(e)	Principal : Actuarial assumptions			
		Particulars	As at	As at
200	**		31.03.2021	31.03.2020
(i)			6.90%	6.60%
(ii)	Salary escalation rate #		5.00%	5.00%
			100% of Indian	100% of Indian
(iii)	Mortality Table (In service)		Assured Lives	Assured Lives
			1462 Y MARY STANK COLUMN TO SELECT	
20.4	AMeline Beter		Mortality 2012-14	Mortality 2012-14
(IV)	Attrition Rates		2% per anum	2% per anum

The estimate of future salary increases takes into account inflation, seniority, promotion and other relevant factors, such as demand and supply in the employment market.

For Shri Jatadhari Rice Mill Pyt. Ltd.

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For Shri Jatadhari Rice Mill Pvt. Ltd.

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Note 38-Employee Benefits (Contd.)

(f) Risk Exposure

Valuations are based on certain assumptions, which are dynamic in nature and vary over time. As such, the Company is exposed to various

Interest Rate risk: The plan exposes the Company to the risk of fall in interest rates. A fall in interest rates will result in an increase in the ultimate cost of providing the above benefit and will thus result in an increase in the value of the liability (as shown in financial statements).

Liquidity Risk: This is the risk that the Company is not able to meet the short-term gratuity payouts. This may arise due to non-availabilty of enough cash / cash equivalent to meet the liabilities or holding of illiquid assets not being sold in time.

Salary Escalation Risk: The present value of the defined benefit plan is calculated with the assumption of salary increase rate of plan participants in future. Deviation in the rate of increase of salary in future for plan participants from the rate of increase in salary used to determine the present value of obligation will have a bearing on the plan's liabilty.

Demographic Risk: The Company has used certain mortality and attrition assumptions in valuation of the liability. The Company is exposed to the risk of actual experience turning out to be worse compared to the assumption.

Regulatory Risk: Gratuity benefit is paid in accordance with the requirements of the Payment of Gratuity Act, 1972(as amended from time to time). There is a risk of change in regulations requiring higher gratuity payouts (e.g. Increase in the maximum limit on gratuity of Rs. 20,00,000).

(g) Sensitivity Analysis

Reasonably possible changes at the reporting date to one of the relevant actuarial assumptions, holding other assumptions constant, would have affected the defined benefit obligation by the amounts shown below:

Particulars	31.03.2021		31.03.2020	
5	Decrease	Increase	Decrease	Increase
Discount Rate (-/+ 1 % movement) Future salary growth (-/+1% movement) Attrition Rate (- /+ 50%)	2,089,456.00	1,735,899.00	1,828,297.00	1,504,452.00
	1,727,869.00	2,095,840.00	the contract of the contract o	1,833,341.00
	1,869,118.00	1,925,765.00	1,631,332.00	1,672,832.00
Mortality Rate (-/+ 10%)	1,893,813.00	1,904,332.00	1,649,378.00	1,657,463.00

Sensitivities as to rate of inflation, rate of increase of pensions in payment, rate of increase of pensions before retirement & life expectancy are not applicable being a lump sum benefit on retirement.

(h) Defined Benefit Liability and Employer Contributions

Expected Contributions to post-employment benefit plans for the year ending 31 March 2021 isRs.189288

(i) Maturity Profile of Defined Benefit Obligation (valued on undiscounted basis)

Year Ending	31.03.2021	31.03.2020
1 Year	189,288.00	195.135.00
2 to 5 Years	461,280.00	334,411.00
6 to 10 Years	1,126,736.00	867,450.00
More than 10 years	2,439,835.00	2,272,349.00

(B) Contribution to Defined Contribution Plan comprising `Rs 396269 (31 March 2020 - Rs 583149) on account of the Company's Contribution to Provident Fund has been recognised as an expense and included in Note-20-Employee Benefit Expenses under the head "Contribution" provident and other funds" in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

For Shri Jatadhari Rice Mill Pvt. Ltd. KKH KOOS LE GIETZ

Director

For Shri Jatadhari Rice Mill Pyt. 1td.

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SHRI JATADHARI RICE MILL PRIVATE LIMITED

A. Equity Share Capital

Authorised Capital 26,00,000 Equity Shares of RS, 10 Each

uars	Notes	31 March, 2021	-	31 March 2020	
	· ·	Number of Shares	Amount	March 1991	1
ity shares of Rs 10/- (31 March, 2020 Rs. 10/-) each issued, scribed and paid up:				namoer of Shares	Amount
ing balance ages During the year		2,593,957	25,939,570	2,361,367	23,613,570
g balance		2,693,967	25,939,570	420 003 0	26 930 670

B. Other Equity

	Share application money	Equity component of		Reserves and Surplus	ninetal Statement	THE OWNER OF THE PARTY OF	CO. CONTROL CONTROL
pending	pending allotment	compound financial	General Reserve	Securities	Other Reserves	Retained	Total
Balance as at 01 04 2010		SHOWINGING STATES			(specify nature)	Camings	
		*	500 000	76 540 867		21 120 000	
Profit for the year				100,717,001		75,138,357	78,188,404
Issue of share at premium				1		11,534,438	11.534.438
				7.675.800			2000
Restated balance at the beginning of the reporting period						1	008,670,7
						,	
Total Comprehensive Income for the year		The state of the s					
Pronoced Dividends and Tay thereon						,	
ווסאאים הואותנותה מועד ו מא חונכונים!!			,			-	
Transfer to reserves	*						
Any other change (Prior Period Adjustment)							
Balance as at 31.03.2020					,	•	
			200,000	34,225,667		579 575	07 308 643
						and a standard and	210,020,01

Particular	Share application money	Equity component of	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Reserves and Surplus	plus:		
	pending allotment	compound financial	General Reserve	General Reserve Securities Premium Reserve	Other Reserves	Retained	Total
Balance as at 01.04.2020		S			(specify nature)	Earnings	
Profit for the year			200,000	34,225,667		62.672.975	97 398 647
man form the state of the state		•					at o'o'o'
Issue of share at premium						54,623,983	54,623,983
Restated balance at the beginning of the reporting period			,				
Total Comprehensive Income for the sees							
and also are also are also are							
Proposed Dividends and Tax thereon					-		
Fransfer to reserves				,			
Any other change (Assets transfer on demerger)			-		,		
Balance as at 31 03 2021			,	,		(4,295,004)	(4 295 004)
			200 000	TA33 SCC 155			fancis and

For Shri Jatadhari Rice Mill Pvt. Ltd.



SCHEDULES & NOTES TO ACCOUNTS OF SHRI JATADHARI RICE MILL PRIVATE LIMITED

Note-2: Property Plant and Equipment

8,038,395 13,751,518 1,157,740 249,978 3,176,949 95,116 8,038,395 14,111,518 1,157,740 249,978 3,176,949 168,844 1,096,756 5,242,581 574,790 56,927 1,679,053 63,884 331,236 1,553,119 157,438 50,094 468,832 30,830 1,427,991 6,795,700 732,228 107,022 2,147,885 94,714 6,610,404 7,315,818 425,511 142,957 1,029,064 74,130	Particulars	Land	Building & Factory shed	Plant & Equipments	Electrical Installation	Furniture &	Vehicals	Computer	Total PPF
2020 III,368,936 I	Cost / Deemed Cost At 1st April 2019 Addition during the period Disposal / Adjustments during the period	11,368,936	8,038,395	13,751,518	1,157,740	249,978	3,176,949	95,116	37,838,632
ance - 1,096,756 5,242,581 574,790 56,927 1,679,053 63,884 ance - 1,427,991 6,795,700 732,228 107,022 2,147,885 94,714 ch 2019 11,368,936 6,610,404 7,315,818 425,511 142,957 1,029,064 74,130	At 31st March 2020	11,368,936	8,038,395	14.111.518	1 157 740	240 070	2 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4		
ance - 1,096,756 5,242,581 574,790 56,927 1,679,053 63,884 1553,119 157,438 50,094 468,832 30,830 11,368,936 6,610,404 7,315,818 425,511 142,957 1,029,064 74,130 2	Depreciation and Impairment				OF 1, 1 Care	. 449,910	3,176,949	168,844	. 38,272,360
ch 2020 ch 2020 11,368,936 6,610,404 7,315,818 7,315,818 7,315,818 7,315,818 7,315,818 7,315,818 7,315,818 7,315,818 7,315,818 7,315,818 7,315,818	Opening balance Additions Deletions		1,096,756	5,242,581	574,790	56,927	1,679,053	63,884	8,713,991
ch 2020 11,368,936 6,610,404 7,315,818 425,511 142,957 1,029,064 74,130 ch 2019	At 31st March 2020		1 427 991	000 300 7	000 000				
11,368,936 6,610,404 7,315,818 425,511 142,957 1,029,064 74,130	Net book value		TO CONTRACTOR	0,173,100	877,751	107,022	2,147,885	94,714	11,305,541
0.500.45.05	At 31st March 2020 At 31st March 2019	11,368,936	6,610,404	7,315,818	425,511	142,957	1,029,064	74,130	26,966,820

Particulars	Land	Building & Factory shed	Plant & Equipments	Electrical Installation	Furnimre & Etxure	Vehicals	Computer	Total PPE
Cost / Deemed Cost At 1st April 2020 Addition during the period	11,368,936	8,038,395	14,111,518	1,157,740	249,978	3,176,949	168,844	38,272,360
Disposal / Adjustments during the period	4,270,297		•	•	,	953,703	31,627	1,554,394
At 31st March 2021	7.098.639	8.038.305	14 787 745	1 157 410	000000	Control		5,224,000
Depreciation and Impairment		Contracto	24/10/142	1,15/,/40	249,978	3,063,786	206,471	34,602,754
Opening balance	,	1 427 001	007 307 3	000 000	-			
Additions	•	315,434	1,405,960	114,663	37 105	2,147,885	94,714	11,305,540
Deletions					2011	730,237	30,342	2,237,557
At 31st March 2021	•	1,743,425	8.201.660	846 807	361 111			130,237
Net book value				010,074	144,170	1,745,501	131,256	12,812,860
At 31st March 2021 At 31st March 2020	7,098,639	6,294,970	6,586,085	310,848	105,852	1,318,285	75,215	21,789,894
			Orotorot.	110,024	147,937	1.029.064	74 130	26 050 000

For Shri Jatadhari Rice Mill Pvt. Ltd.

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Director

Per Shri Jatadhari Rice Mill Pvt. Ltd.

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SCHEDULES & NOTES TO ACCOUNTS OF SHRI JATADHARI RICE MILL PRIVATE LIMITED (Amount in Indian Rupees) Figures as at 31.03,2021 Figures as at 31,03,2020 NON - CURRENT Investments in Equity Instruments (fully paid-up)- In Associates (At Cost) Unquoted P.K. Agrilink Pvt. Ltd. 2,627,899 2,655,000 (265500 shares of Rs 10 each, Previous year 265500 shares of Rs 10 each) Intellect Buildcon Private Limited 27,101 (2738 shares of Rs 10 each , Previous year Nil shares of Rs 10 each) 2,655,000 2,655,000 CURRENT Additional Information (a) Aggregate amount - market value of quoted investments (b) Aggregate amount of unquoted investments 2,655,000 2,655,000

ote-4: Trade Receivables	Figures as at 31.03,2021	Figures as at 31.03,2020
NON - CURRENT		
	-	
CURRENT		
Unsecured Considered Good		
	393,994,640	189,430,263
Receivables which have significant increase in credit risk		
Receivables - credit impaired Less : Allowance for significant increase in credit risk		
Less: Allowance for credit impaired receivables	1	
and the state inputed teetvales	393,994,640	189,430,263

- 1. No trade or other receivable are due from directors or other officers of the Company either severally or jointly with any other person.
- 2. Trade receivables are non-interest bearing and are generally on terms of 0 to 90 days.

(c) Aggregate amount of impairment in value of investments

Note-5; Other Financial Asset	Figures as at 31.03.2021	Figures as at 31,03,2020
NON-CURRENT a Security Deposits e	1,855,700	1,347,493
CURRENT	1,855,700	1,347,493
a Depsoit With Nakamichi b Duty Drawback Receivable		4,814,096 71,509
		4,885,605

6:Deferred Tax	Figures as at 31.03,2021	Figures as at 31,03,2020
Deferred Tax Assets/(Liabilities) Temporary differences on account of PPE, Other intangible assets & Provision for gratuity	734,510	
Net deferred tax assets/(liabilities)	734,510	
RECONCILIATION OF DEFERRED TAX ASSETS/(LIABILITIES) (NET) Deferred Tax Assets/(Liabilities) Deferred tax (liability) / assets at the beginning of the year Deferred tax (liability) /assets during the year on account of timing difference	734,510	
DEFERRED TAX (LIABILITIES) / ASSETS AT THE END OF THE YEAR	734,510	

Director

For Shri Jatadhari Rice Mill Pvt. Ltd.

For Shri Jatadhari Rice Mill Pvt. Ltd.

Director



(Amount in Indian Rupees)

7:Other non-current assets	Figures as at 31.03.2021	Figures as at 31.03.2020
a Fixed Deposit with Banks	2,102,643	
	2,102,643	

c-3:Inventories	Figures as nt 31,03,2021	Figures as at 31.03.2020
a Raw materials b Work in progress c Finished goods d Stores & Spares Parts including packing materials	42,236,773 30,417,266 8,101,535	117,819,696 2,333,445 10,659,726
	80,755,574	130,812,863

te-9: Cash and cash equivalents	Figures as at 31.03.2021	Figures as at 31,03,2020
Cash and cash equivalents Balance with Banks In current account b Cash in hand	207,406 206,149	1,925,70 334,65
	413,554	2,260,357

ote-10:Other current assets	Figures as at 31,03,2021	Figures as at 31.03,2020
i Advance Income Tax (Net of Provision for taxes) ii Balance with GST and State Authorities iii Prepaid Expenses iv Advance to Suppliers Other current assets	1,757,183 504,319 11,411,797 71,213	3,101,200 1,210,111 631,282 2,603,500 441,386
	13,744,512	7,987,490

Note-	1: Equity Share capital	Figures as at 31.03.2021	Figures as at 31.03.2020
i	Authorised Capital 26,00,000 Equity Shares of RS. 10 Each	26,000,000	26,000,000
	Issued and subscribed capital 25,93,957 Equity Shares of RS. 10 Each Paid up capital 25,93,957 Equity Shares of RS. 10 Each	26,000,000	26,000,000
		25,939,570	25,939,570
		25,939,570	25,939,570
		25,939,570	25,939,570
		25,939,570	25,939,570

There was no change in number of equity shares issued during the year ended 31 March, 2021 and 31 March, 2020. No equity shares were allotted as fully paid up by way of bonus shares or pursuant to contract(s) without payment being received in cash during the last five years. Further, none of the shares were bought back by the Company during the

Details of equity shares held by the Holding Company and shareholders holding more than 5% of the shares in the Company :-

Name of the Shareholders	Number of Shares	Number of Shares
I Keshab Kumar halder	615,932	615,932
2 Prabhat Kumar halder	134,638	134,638
3 Rekha Halder	184,562	184,562
4 Poulomi Halder	314,352	314,352
5 Reliable Advertising Private limited	1,081,873	1,081,873
6 P.K. Cereals Privale Limited	262,600	262,600

Terms/ Rights attached to equity shares

The Company has only one class of equity shares having par value of Rs. 10/- per share and each shareholder is entitled for one vote per share held. The Company declares and pays dividends in Indian rupees. The dividend proposed by the Board of Directors is subject to the approval of the shareholders in the ensuing Annual General Meeting except case of interim dividend. In the event of liquidation, the equity shareholders are entitled to receive the remaining assets of the Company after distribution of all preferential amounts, in proportion to their shareholding.

Director

For Shri Jatadhari Rice Mill Pvt. Ltd.

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(Amount in Indian Rupees)

ote-1	2: Reserves and Surplus	Figures as at 31.03.2021	Figures as at 31.03.2020
1	General Reserve Opening balance Add: Addition / (reduction)	500,000	500,000
	Closing balance-I	500,000	500,000
il	Security premium A/c Opening balance Add: Addition / (reduction) Closing balance-II	34,225,667 34,225,667	26,549,867 7,675,800 34,225,667
ili	Retained Earnings Opening balance Add: Current year surplus Less: Transfer of assest on demerger Closing balance-III	62,672,975 54,623,983 (4,295,004)	51,138,537 11,534,438
	Closing balance-III	113,001,953	62,672,975
	Total (I +II+III)	147,727,620	97,398,642

I. Under the erstwhile Indian Companies Act, 1956, a general reserve was created through an annual transfer of net profit at a specified percentage in accordance with applicable regulations. Consequent to introduction of Companies Act, 2013, the requirement to mandatorily transfer a specified percentage of the net profit to general reserve has been withdrawn though the Company may transfer such percentage of its profits for the financial year as it may consider appropriate. Declaration of dividend out of such reserve shall not be made except in accordance with rules prescribed in this behalf under the Act.

2. Securities premium is used to record the premium on issue of shares. The reserve is utilised in accordance with the provisions of Section 52 of the Companies Act, 2013

3. Retained Earnings are the profits and gains that the Company has earned till date less any transfer to general reserve, dividends or other distributions paid to shareholders.

ofe-13: Borrowings	Figures as at 31.03.2021	Figures as at 31:03:2020
NON-CURRENT Secured - At Amortised Cost Term Loan-from banks	36,244,657	
	36,244,657,00	
CURRENT Secured - At Amortised Cost Loans repayable on demand From Banks	302,500,829	205,619,402
	302,500,829	205,619,402
A STATE OF THE PARTY OF THE PAR		

1. Term loan and Working capital loans are secured as :

a. Primarily Pari-pasu exclusive charge on the entire current assets.

b. Collateral E.M on land and building of the factory of the Company

c. Personal Gurantee by Directors Keshab Kumar Halder, Prabhat Kumar halder & Poumoli Halder.

2. The Group has satisfied all the covenants prescribed in terms of borrowings.

For Shri Jatadhari Rice Mill Pvt. Ltd.

KK# . KOOES IC HIER

Director

Vote-1	4) Employee Benefit Obligation		(Amount in Indian Rupees)
	NON-CURRENT	Figures as at 31.03.2021	Figures as at 31.03.2020
i	Provision for Gratuity	1,709,839	1,458,327
	CURRENT i Provision for Gratuity	1,709,839	1,458,327
i		189,288	195,135
		189,288	195,135 195,135

NO	Mher Financial Liabilities DN-CURRENT	Figures as at 31.03.2021	Figures as at 31.03,2020
CURRENT i Salary Payable			
	325,221	262,42	
		325,221	262,42

ote-16: Other Currrent Liabilities	Figures as at 31,03,2021	Figures as at 31.03.2020
i TDS Payable ii TCS Payble iii ESI Payable iv P.F. Payable vi GST Payable vii Advance from Customer	331,055 249,849 20,199 118,937 880 10,710	348,17 15,95 93,49 44 3,60 33,760,93
	731,630	34,222,591

e-17: Provisions	Figures as at 31.03.2021	Figures as at 31.03.2020
i Provision for Income Tax (Net of advance tax) ii Other Provisions	2,305,842	
	3,951,331	1,249,80
	6,257,173	1,249,80

For Shri Jatadhari Rice Mill Pvt. Ltd.

Director



SCHEDULES & NOTES TO ACCOUNTS OF SHRI JATADHARI RICE MILL PRIVATE

(Amount in Indian Rupees)

Note-17: Revenue from operations	For the Year ended	For the Year ended
a Sale of Products Sale of Rice (Export) Sale of Rice (Domestic) Sale of Rice Bran	365,729,647 1,369,028,621 88,883,780	375,038,356 267,369,404 96,352,640
b Other Operating Revenue	1,457,815	1,004,438
	1,825,099,862	739,764,838

Note-18: Other Income	For the Year ended 31.03.2021	For the Year ended 31.03.2020
a Interest Income from WBSEDCL	20,356	107,786
b Interest on FD	109,146	87,471
c Insurance Claim Received	57,065	14,425
d Sale of Scrap	50,530	115,700
e Profit on Sale of Derivative	1,136,668	
f Foreign Currency Fluctuation Benefit	3,052,469	11,624,314
g Other non-operating income	717,827	674,295
h Service Tax Refund A/c		100,691
	5,144,062	12,724,681

ote-19: Cost of Materials consumed	For the Year ended 31.03.2021	For the Year ended 31.03,2020
Opening Stock of Raw Materials	117,819,690	31,930,319
Purchases	671,349,400	616,217,939
	789,169,091	648,148,257
Less: Closing stock of raw Material	42,236,773	117,819,690
	746,932,318	530,328,567

Note-20: Changes in inventories of Finished Goods, WIP & Stock-in-Trade	For the Year ended 31.03.2021	For the Year ended 31.03.2020
Opening Finished Goods Closing Finished Goods	2,333,447 30,417,266	12,895,760 2,333,447
	(28,083,820)	10,562,313

10010000	
10,049,965	9,356,051
339,189	291,374
576,451	765,686
11,614	
10,977,219	10,413,111
	339,189 576,451 11,614

Director

For Shri Jatadhari Rice Mill Pvt. Ltd.

Keds when

For Shri Jatadhari Rice Mill Pvt. Ltd.

Pouloni Halder Director

KOLKATA SE

MKH

SCHEDULES & NOTES TO ACCOUNTS OF SHRI JATADHARI RICE MILL PRIVATE

(Amount in Indian Rupees) For the Year ended For the Year ended Note-22: Other Manufacturing Expenses 31.03.2021 31.03.2020 a Power, Fuel & Lubricate 19,105,619 14,825,694 b Packing Material & stores and spares parts 21,920,201 17,455,713 41,025,820 32,281,407

23 : Administrative, Selling and bution Expenses	For the Year ended 31,03,2021	For the Year ended 31.03.2020
Administration expenses		
Advertisement & Subscription		
Repairs & Maintainance	2,605,205	1,014,86
Power & Fuel	208,400	91,79
Insurance	930,811	434,54
Rates, Duty and taxes	146,824	468,0
Audit fees:		
a) Statutory Auditor	250,000	175,00
b) Tax Auditor	100,000	75,00
c) Company law matters		
Bank Charges	691,617	259,95
Postage, Printing & Stationery	24,790	60,95
Legal & Professional fees	2,261,937	1,492,04
Travelling (foreign)		180,2
Travelling & Conveyance	56,998	740,1
GST Expenses	2,195,513	1,754,2
Bad Debt	3,997,350	
Car Running Exp	165,187	75,00
Interest on duty, TDS,PF	277,803	81,68
Agriculture Expenses	41,735	
Donation & Subcription	28,000	27,62
Books & Periodicals	50,050	78,55
Brokerage & Commission	4,339,200	
Discount Allowed	21,072	250,15
Telephone & Internet Expenses	33,645	38,73
Loss from Speculative Business		1,535,90
Training Expenses		1,289,03
General Expenses	29,564	21,97
Selling & Distribution Expenses		
Export Expenses	66,842,321	62,136,21
	85,298,022	72,281,77

24: Financial Expenses	For the Year ended 31.03.2021	For the Year ended 31.03.2020
Interest on Bank Loan:		
On Cash Credit	10,827,796	14,718,185
On EBRD,PCFC	2,621,506	2,085,233
Loan Processing Charges	1,423,258	849,205
	14,872,560	17,652,623

For Shri Jatadhari Rice Mill Pvt. Ltd.

Director